

# Abstract Topics

## 1. Addictions to psychotropic substances

### *Subtopics:*

- Cannabis use: consequences of mental health and assessment of cannabis use
- Treatment of people with dual diagnosis
- Alcohol, cannabis and tobacco: current trends, impact and public health responses

## 2. Addictions, gambling and internet abuse

## 3. ADHD

## 4. Adversity and psychiatry (Violence & mental health; Poverty & mental health; Mental health of refugees and displaced persons)

## 5. Anxiety disorders

## 6. Art and psychiatry

## 7. Autism spectrum disorders

## 8. Bipolar disorders

### *Subtopic:*

- Bipolar disorders: the state of the art in treatment

## 9. Child and adolescent psychiatry (including infant psychiatry)

## 10. Classification, diagnostic assessment and nomenclature

## 11. Clinical practice in psychiatry

### *Subtopics:*

- Identity and health of psychiatrists
- Towards the future of diagnostics in clinical practice
- Multiomics of psychiatric disorder: will more biological information help understand mental illness?
- Precision psychiatry: How it works
- Community mental health services worldwide: the state of the art

## **12. Comorbidity of mental and somatic disorders**

## **13. Consultation liaison psychiatry**

## **14. COVID-19**

## **15. Dementia**

### *Subtopic:*

- Examples of dementia care on different continents

## **16. Developmental psychopathology**

## **17. Digital psychiatry**

### *Subtopic:*

- Digital modes of psychiatric treatment
- Artificial intelligence for mental health care
- Artificial intelligence in psychiatry – Pitfalls and challenges

## **18. Dissociative and somatization disorders**

## **19. Early interventions in psychiatry**

### *Subtopics:*

- The evidence of early intervention services and flexible assertive community services – similarities and differences
- What is the long term prognosis for first episode psychosis and what can we do to improve it?
- Treatment of first episode psychosis in adolescence

## **20. Eating disorders**

## **21. Ecology, psychiatry and mental health**

## **22. Education in psychiatry**

### *Subtopics:*

- Models for reinforcement for psychiatric identity: to act as clinician and public mental health educators and leaders
- Mental health in educational systems (preschools, schools, and universities)

## **23. Emergency psychiatry**

## **24. Epidemiology in psychiatry**

## **25. Ethical issues in psychiatry**

*Subtopic:*

- The impact of the doctor-patient relationship on patient outcomes in mental health care

## **26. Evolutionary psychiatry**

*Subtopic:*

- How nature nurtures: consequences for mental health

## **27. Implementation of healthy lifestyles (physical activity, diet and sleep)**

*Subtopic:*

- Exercise & sports psychiatry

## **28. Family therapies**

## **29. Forensic psychiatry**

*Subtopic:*

- Advantages of compulsory care in different psychiatric diagnoses

## **30. Gender and mental health (Male mental health, Mental health of women and girls)**

*Subtopic:*

- Gender perspective in mental health disorders
- Rapid onset gender dysphoria
- Model for empowerment of women to combat violence in close relationships and in their communities

## **31. Genetics and epigenetics in psychiatry**

*Subtopic:*

- Clinical utility of pharmacogenetics in psychiatry

## **32. Harmful use of alcohol and drugs**

## **33. History of psychiatry**

## **34. Human rights and mental health**

### *Subtopics:*

- Examples of a human rights-based approach to mental health care
- Racist violence and its consequences

## **35. Immunology in psychiatry**

## **36. Intellectual disabilities**

## **37. Medically unexplained symptoms**

## **38. Mental health and public health**

### *Subtopics:*

- Implementation barriers of evidence-based interventions for people with mental illness
- Closing treatment gaps in psychiatry
- Determinance of psychiatric disorders
- Climate change and mental health challenges
- Management of mental health geographical regions experiencing migrant crises, war, and natural disasters
- Psychiatry in a globalised world – modern challenges and novel approaches
- Caring for family carers – an assessment of high risk for mental illness
- Homelessness, mental health problems, and models for care
- From public health to individual management
- Implementation of preventive methods in psychiatry
- Prevention of psychiatric disorders across the life cycle
- Loneliness and mental health problems on different continents, in different genders, and in different phases of the life course
- Social determinants of health and mental health in 21st century

## **39. Mental health economics**

## **40. Mental health users and care givers**

## **41. Migration & mental health**

### *Subtopics:*

- Workforce migration and brain drain
- Refugees & mental health
- Mental health of forcibly displaced people worldwide

## **42. Military psychiatry**

## **43. Minor cognitive deficit**

## **44. Mood disorders, depressive disorders and other depression and anxiety**

## **45. Neurological-psychiatric syndromes**

## **46. Neuromodulation (including DBS, TMS; tDCS, VNS; Neurofeedback)**

### *Subtopics:*

- Noninvasive neuromodulation treatments in psychiatry
- Deep brain stimulation in psychiatry: current evidence and future perspectives
- Non-invasive brainstimulation in mental disorders: what works and what does not?

## **47. Neuroscience and psychiatry, Neuro-imaging**

### *Subtopic:*

- BRAIN 2.0: Transforming neuroscience

## **48. Obsessive-compulsive disorders**

## **49. Old age psychiatry**

## **50. Other themes on disorders**

## **51. Other themes on treatments in psychiatry**

## **52. Perinatal disorders**

## **53. Personality disorders**

## **54. Philosophy and humanities in psychiatry**

### *Subtopic:*

- What is the role of philosophy in psychiatry?

## **55. Psychiatric institutions**

## **56. Psychiatric nursing**

## **57. Psychiatry in developing countries**

## **58. Psycho-oncology**

## **59. Psychopathology and epistemological issues in psychiatry**

## **60. Psychopharmacology**

### *Subtopics:*

- Pharmacological treatments: Schizophrenia, Depression, Abuse, Autism Spectrum Disorders, ADHD
- Long-term use of benzodiazepine in psychiatry: evil or demonized?
- Monotherapy vs polypharmacy in psychopharmacology
- Placebo vs. Nocebo Effect
- Supported reduction or discontinuation of psychopharmacological treatment: necessary skills and guidelines
- Psychedelic drugs in psychiatry: Existing evidence in the field and future directions
- Psychedelics in the treatment of mental health disorders

## **61. Psychotherapies**

### *Subtopics:*

- Psychological treatments
- Supported reduction or discontinuation of psychological treatment: necessary skills and guidelines

## **62. Rehabilitation of people with mental disorders**

### *Subtopic:*

- Peer involvement in psychiatric treatment

## **63. Religion, spirituality and psychiatry**

## **64. Schizophrenia and psychotic spectrum disorders**

## **65. Sleep wakefulness disorders**

## **66. Somatic treatments other than pharmacotherapy**

## **67. Stigma and mental illness**

## **68. Suicidology**

### *Subtopic:*

- Suicide prevention: public health and clinical strategies

## **69. Urban mental health**

*Subtopic:*

- Urbanisation and mental health

## **70. War & mental health**

*Subtopic:*

- Mental health of forcibly displaced people worldwide

## **71. Other**

## **72. Literature and mental health**

## **73. Transcultural psychiatry**